

3rd International Conference on Future Education "Latin America Perspective" Windsor Florida Hotel – Rio de Janeiro, Brazil November 12 – 14, 2018















Panel 01: Critical Issues for the Future of Education Rodolfo A. Fiorini – What is Transdisciplinary Education?



Presentation Outline

1. Introduction (09)

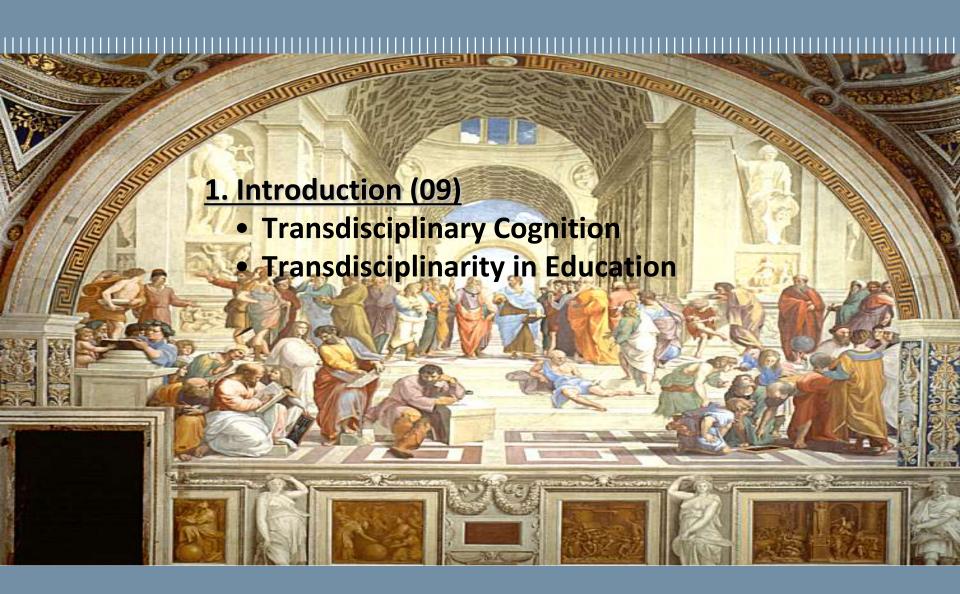
- Transdisciplinary Cognition
- Transdisciplinarity in Education

2. The Challange of Evolutionary Learning (10)

- Modern Paradigmatic Limitations
- The Two Modelling Understandings

3. Conclusion (03)

- WAAS New Paradigm for Human Development
- IEEE ICCI*CC 2019



We were and are still currently educated to REDUCTIONIST learning which leads to ACTIONS based on (UNAWARE) APPROXIMATED approximations.

We MUST switch to

EVOLUTIONARY learning which can create the right INTERACTIONS with a complex world and universe, based on AWARE, EXACT approximations.

New Eyes (Is)

Transdisciplinary Cognition

(Cognitive Transdisciplinarity)

Transdisciplinarity in Education for Deep Learning, Creativity and Innovation

http://worldacademy.org/files/rome2017/papers/RCP-S6-6.2.Transdisciplinary-Education-RF.pdf

New Eyes (Is)

Cognitive Transdisciplinarity?

- 1. Humanity and Technology
- 2. Mind, Thinking and Rationality
- 3. Creativity
- 4. Modeling Social Reality
- 5. Education in the 21th Century

ICCI*CC at the Politecnico di Milano University 2019

















Polytechnic University of Milan, Italy, July 23-25, 2019
18th IEEE International Conference on Cognitive Informatics & Cognitive Computing

http://www.ucalgary.ca/icci_cc/iccicc-19

http://www.iccicc19.polimi.it (mirror site)

Paper submission:

https://easychair.org/conferences/?conf=ieeeiccicc19

2019 THEME

Cognitive Learning Systems, Brain-Inspired Systems, Cognitive Robotics, and Art & Science









Ф сс 2019 THEME Ф С (П)







Cognitive Learning Systems, Brain-Inspired Systems, Cognitive Robotics, and Art & Science

World Academy of Art and Science (WAAS)

1- Humanity and Technology

- Evolving relationship between man and the machine
- Governing technology
- Managing systemic risk
- Social responsibility of science
- Governing privacy and trust
- Opportunities and challenges of networks
- Evolution of human-machines roles and relationships
- Man and machine consciousness
- Values in decision-making

2 - Mind, Thinking and Rationality

- Human and Al/machine learning
- Concepts of social cognition
- Mind and Brain
- Psychology and Neuroscience of consciousness
- Social Physics and cognitive computing
- Experience in judgment formation
- Information and value judgements
- Impact of digitization on the brain, mind and behavior
- Objective and subjective dimensions of decision-making
- Anticipation and determinism in decision-making









1CIC 2019 THEME (1)







Cognitive Learning Systems, Brain-Inspired Systems, Cognitive Robotics, and Art & Science

World Academy of Art and Science (WAAS)

3 - Creativity

- Cognition and Mental development stages and process
- Conceptual systems and deep thinking
- Scientific creativity
- Integral knowledge and holistic thinking
- Idioms in cognitive linguistics
- Sense perception, rationality and intuition
- Emotion, sympathy and affective computing
- Mathematical ambiguity and ambivalence
- Ambiguity in law and judicial proceedings
- Creativity and Individuality

4 - Modeling Social Reality

- Role of technology in social organization
- Theories and models of social organization
- Evolution of social organization
- New business models
- Cognitive learning and organizational effectiveness
- Blockchain as an emerging social organization
- Modeling global society
- Complexity and contextuality
- Cognitive transdisciplinarity
- Social infomatics
- Modeling reality for decision-making









2019 THEME (1)







Cognitive Learning Systems, Brain-Inspired Systems, Cognitive Robotics, and Art & Science

World Academy of Art and Science (WAAS)

5 - Education in the 21st Century

- What should be taught in an age of infoglut and universal access?
- The process of learning
- **Experiential learning**
- Effective learning
- Contextual learning
- Machine-aided learning
- Peer-to-peer learning
- Information transmission losses



ICCI*CC at the Politecnico di Milano University 2019







icic 2019 THEME (1)







Cognitive Learning Systems, Brain-Inspired Systems, Cognitive Robotics, and Art & Science

Cognitive Informatics

- Informatics models of the brain
- · Cognitive processes of the brain
- . The cognitive foundation of big data
- Machine consciousness
- Neuroscience foundations of Information processing
- Denotational mathematics (DM)
- Cognitive knowledge bases
- Autonomous machine learning
- Neural models of memory
- · Internal information processing
- Cognitive sensors and networks
- Cognitive linguistics
- Abstract Intelligence (al)
- Cognitive information theory
- Cognitive information fusion

Cognitive Computing

- Cognitive computers
- Cognitive robotics
- Autonomous Computing
- Knowledge processors
- Cognitive semantics of big data
- Cognitive machine learning
- Knowledge manipulations
- Pattern recognition
- Cognitive agent technologies
- Cognitive inferences
- Computing with words (CWW)
- Cognitive decision theories
- Concept & semantic algebras
- Fuzzy/rough sets/logic
- Affective computing

Computational Intelligence

- Cognitive computers
- Cognitive systems
- Cognitive man-machine communication
- Cognitive internet
- World-Wide Wisdoms (WWW+)
- Mathematical engineering for Al
- Cognitive vehicle systems
- Semantic computing
- Distributed intelligence
- Mathematical models of Al
- Cognitive signal processing
- Cognitive image processing
- Artificial neural nets
- Genetic computing
- MATLAB models of Al

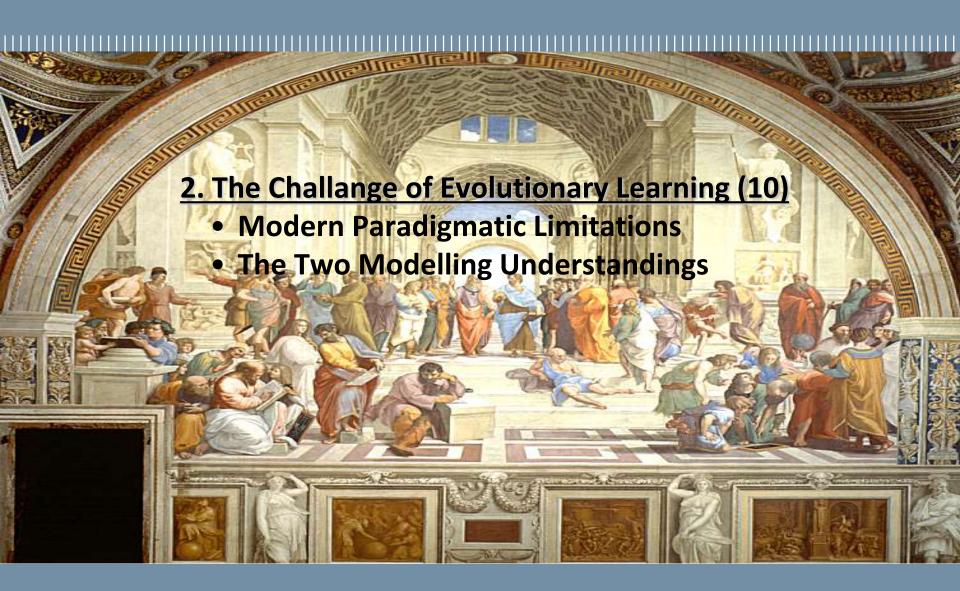
Brain Informatics

- Brain-inspired systems
- Neuroinformatics
- Neurological foundations of the brain
- Computational brain science
- Software simulations of the brain
- Brain-system Interfaces
- Neurocomputing
- eBrain models
- DNA and genome cognition
- Computational neurology
- Brain image processing
- Bioinformatics
- System models of the brain
- Cognitive process models
- Neurocircuit theories

Symbiotic Science & Art

- Foundations of symbiotic systems
- Technology and society
- Symbiotic autonomous systems (SAS)
- Mind, thinking, and rationality
- Value ludgement in decision making
- · Social implications of Al
- · Human-machine cooperation
- Creativity and wisdom
- Emotion and affective computing
- Roles of Al in social organization
- · Computational intelligence in art
- Transdisciplinary cognition
- Science and art symbiosis
- · Education for sciences vs. arts
- Concrete and abstract sciences





On Paradigmatic Limitations

MODERN PARADIGMATIC LIMITATION EXAMPLES

Optimal Control Theory System Robustness

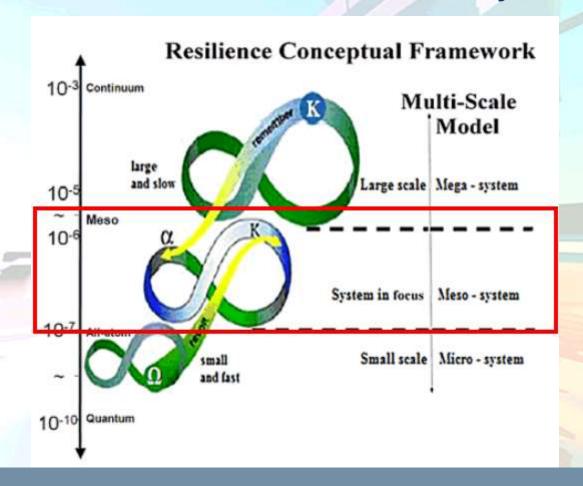
System Risk Analysis.

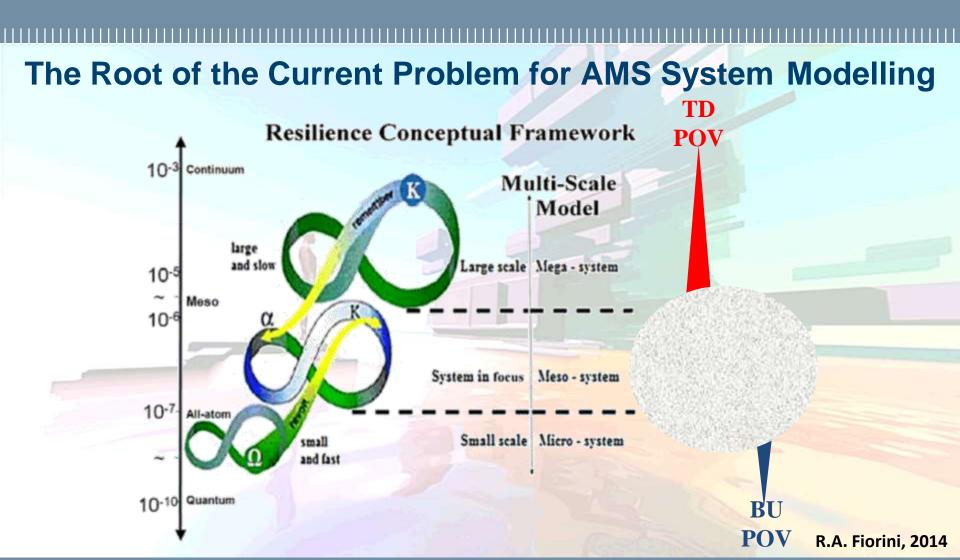
To face the challenge of life as complex systems understanding and reliable arbitrary complex multiscale (ACM) system modeling, we need to be able to manage system uncertainty quantification from macroscale, through mesoscale, till nanoscale and beyond.

We need more robust, resilient and antifragile application to be ready for next generation systems. Attempts to optimize multi-scale systems in a top-down (TD) point-of-view (POV) will be less and less effective, and cannot be done in real time.

That is the main reason why, over the last few years, integration of stochastic methods into a multi-scale framework (from macro-scale to nano-scale) or development of multi-scale models in a stochastic setting for **epistemic uncertainty quantification** (UQ) is becoming an **emerging research frontier for systems modelling**, innovation and competitive development in Science and Technology.

The Root of the Current Problem for AMS System Modelling



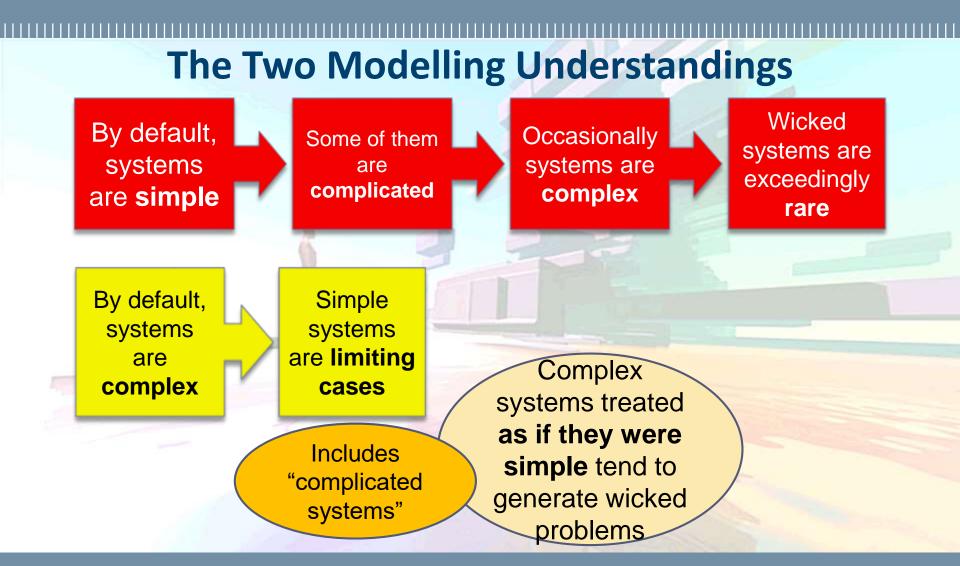


Complexity
is the impossibility of
separating a system from its context.

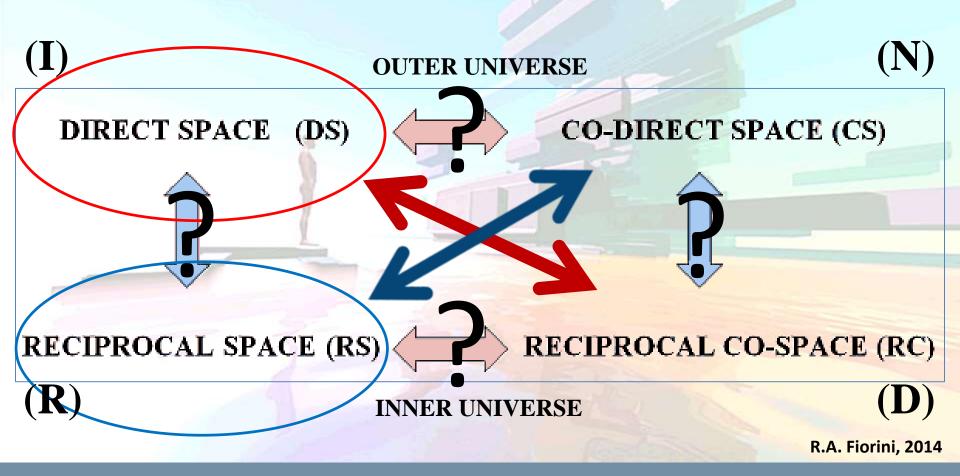
A living being from its environment.

An object from

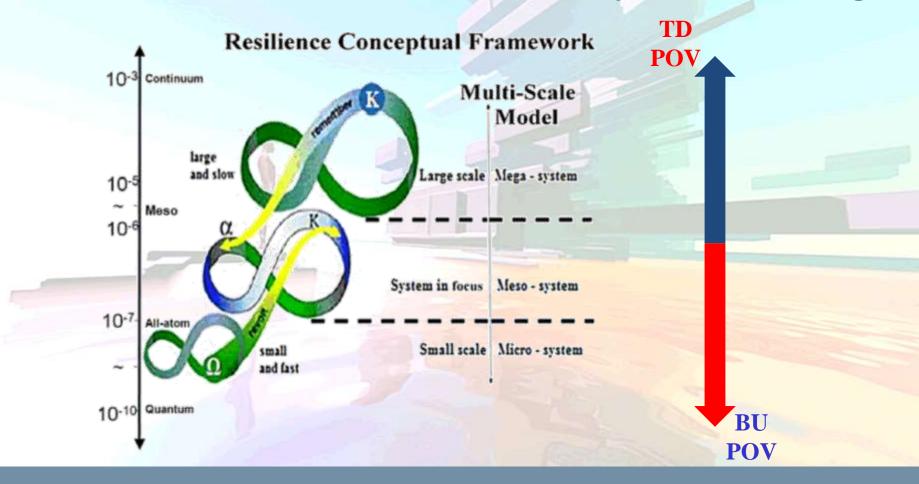
its measuring instrument.



INNER vs. OUTER UNIVERSE (IOU) Mapping



CICT Solution to the Problem for AMS System Modelling



Half-Plane Space vs. OECS Space

Two Irreducible Complementary Operative Spaces

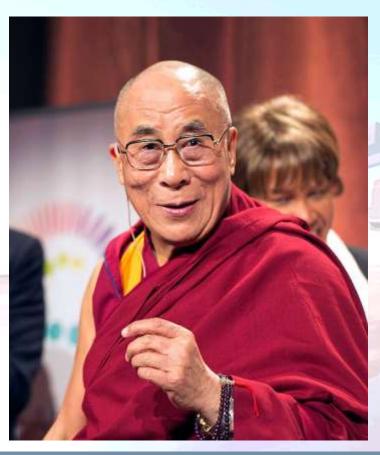
Half-Plane Space

- **Inert matter best operational** representation compromise.
- ☐ A Representation Space endowed with full Flexibility (mapping complexity to simplicity to give space to Imagination).
- ☐ Simplified system dynamics framework (Newtonian Approach).
- To model any geometrical space and monitor system dynamics behavior only.
- A Spectator can become a system innatural perturbation.

OECS Space

- Livig matter best representation operational compromise.
- An Outer Representation Space oneto-one linked to its Inner Representation Space.
- Natural system dynamics framework (Quantum Field Theory Approach).
- To model projective relativistic geometry and to anticipate emergent system dynamics.
- ☐ An Observer can become a system natural co-artifex.

The Challenge of Evolutionary Learning



Learning according to Tenzin Gyatso, the 14th Dalai Lama (1935-)

Because we all share this small planet Earth, we have to learn to live in harmony and peace with each other and with Nature. That is not just a dream, but a necessity.



WAAS New Paradigm for Human Development

The human being is the source of unlimited creative potential and the present, reductionist paradigm falls far short of fully developing the potential of its members. Solutions are available because unutilized human potential exists in abundance waiting to be developed and released.

For instance, Nikola Tesla was a remarkable man not only for his inventions, but also for his dedication and application. It is amazing to read of his "inner life" in a way rarely shared.

According to WAAS new paradigm for human development, as the creation of the new vision and new story for our shared future, an inspired cultural revival can be materialized in many different ways which, however, must share a common, solid, cultural background built on dedication and application.

WAAS, 2014

