

## Future of Education



### World Academy Forum on

### **GLOBAL HIGHER EDUCATION**

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"The day is coming when the work done [via distance learning] will be greater in amount than that done in the class-rooms of our colleges."

Former President of University of Chicago & Bradley University

"[The use of technology will put] American education 25 years ahead."

Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission





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> -William Rainy Harper, 1885 Former President of University of Chicago & Bradley University

"[The use of technology will put] American education 25 years ahead."

> -Technology referred to is delivering lessons over the radio in 1948 Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission







#### 20 countries with largest population of youngsters not enrolled in college

Total number of college age youth left out of tertiary education worldwide: 366 m



### Projected Enrollment in Global Tertiary Education



Year	Students
2000	99.4 million
2011	183 million
2025	262 million
2030	414.2 million
2035	520 million



### US and OECD College Attainment



Percentage degree attainment in OECD countries and the U.S. by age group, 2010





### **Educational Level - US**



#### How Well Educated Are Americans?

Highest level of education among adults ages 25-64



Notes: Based on Pew Research Center calculations of 2009 American Community Survey data. Some college includes two-year college graduates. Total percentage does not equal 100 due to rounding.

#### A Growing Share of Young Adults are College Graduates

#### College attainment of 25- to 29-year-olds



Source: March Current Population Survey (CPS) Integrated Public Use Micro Sample

Notes: Prior to 1992, persons with at least a bachelor's degree refers to those with four or more years of college. Before 1992, persons with at least some college refers to those who completed at least one year of college.



### Enrollment in Colleges - US

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By 2018, the US will need 22 million more credentials to fill good jobs, but will fall short by 3 million. College enrollment in 2012 declined by nearly a half million students compared to a year earlier, according to the U.S. Census Bureau



### **College Graduates**



#### Percentage of population that has attained tertiary education, by age group (2009)



1. Year of reference 2002.

Countries are ranked in descending order of the percentage of 25-34 year-olds who have attained tertiary education. Source: OECD. Table A1.3a. See Annex 3 for notes (*www.oecd.org/edu/eag2011*). StatLink and http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/888932459831





### Education as an Investment - US





### Education and Earnings - US





Those who graduate from a four-year college, on average, earn \$20,000 more a year as a result of the degree



### **Education and Earnings - US**



#### Mean Earnings by Age, 2009



Source: 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) Integrated Public Use Micro Sample

Notes: Estimated for full-time, full-year workers. Plots show a 3-year moving average.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER



### **Education and Earnings - US**

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Note: Earnings and employment figures include all Americans between the ages of 23 and 25 (inclusive).



PROF



### Education and Employment - US



Unemployment Rates by Education, 1962-2010



Source: March Current Population Survey (CPS) Integrated Public Use Micro Sample

Notes: For persons age 25 and over. Prior to 1992, persons with at least a bachelor's degree refers to those with four or more years of college.



### How Education Impacts Work Life



**How Education Impacts Work Life** 

#### Based on employed adults

#### % saying work is very satisfying





45

52



#### % saying work is very interesting

All employed adults



Notes: Based on adults who are employed either full or part time, n=1,281. "Graduate school" includes those who attended graduate school but did not receive a degree. "Some college/Vocational" includes two-year college graduates.

#### Has College Been a Good Investment for You Personally?

% of college graduates



Note: Based on college graduates ages 18-64 who are not currently enrolled in school, n=513. "Don't know/Refused" responses not shown.



### Affordability



#### Is College Affordable?

Agree or disagree: College costs in general are such that most people can afford to pay for a college education. (%)



Note: "Don't know/Refused" responses not shown.

#### **Reasons for Not Going to College**

% saying this applies to them



Note: Based on adults ages 18-34 who do not have a fouryear college degree and are not currently enrolled in school, n=311.



### College Tuition - US





#### \$22,261

Average cost of a public college education in 2012-2013

### \$43,289

Average cost of private college education

The cost of a private non-profit four-year college institution has risen 267% over the past 30 years

The cost of a public four-year college institution has risen by 357% in the same period



### Tuition vs. Other Price Indices - US

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### Families' Student Loans - US



#### More Families Have Outstanding Student Loans

Share of families with student loans



### ... and the Average Amount Owed Has Increased

Amount owed per family for families with student loans (in 2007 \$)







### Tuition and other Costs - US



Two-thirds of students graduating from American colleges are graduating with some level of debt

The average borrower has a debt of \$26,600

One in ten graduates accumulate more than \$40,000 of debt

Student loan debt has crossed \$1.2 trillion

It almost tripled between 2004 and 2012

One in five graduates who borrowed for tuition via the federal direct loans program are not paying the money back

















In 2011, only 56% of US college students complete four-year degrees within six years. Only 29% of those who start two-year degrees finish them within three years



Among adults ages 18 to 34 who are not in school and do not have a bachelor's degree, 67% say a major reason for not continuing their education is the need to support a family. 48% say they can't afford to go to college



### Tertiary Enrollment Rates Vary Vastly



Mozambique	5%
Bangladesh	15%
Indonesia	25%
Paraguay	35%
Panama	45%

Turkey	55%
Czech Republic	65%
Norway	75%
Belarus	85%
Finland	95%



### **Differing Budgets**



Public spending on education as a % of GDP is...

higher than 7% in Denmark, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, Moldova, Maldives, Cyprus

less than 7% in Austria, Finland, Estonia, South Africa, Ireland, Belgium

less than 6% in the US, UK, Switzerland, Slovenia, Israel, Brazil

less than 5% in Russia, Chile, Romania, Greece, Serbia

less than 4% in Kazakhstan, India, Venezuela, Egypt

less than 3% in Bangladesh, Peru, Turkey

less than 2% in Lebanon, Zambia

less than 1% in Myanmar





The average age of students will rise, with more people becoming lifetime learners. College enrollment in the US between 2006 to 2017 is projected to increase by 10% for people under 25, and by 19% for people 25 and over





**Education 1.0,** or simply education as was known in its time, took place in a classroom, imparted by the teacher, from textbooks.

**Education 2.0** cautiously adopted computers and then the internet. Technology aided the teacher to teach, and the student to learn.

Today's changing scenario, termed **Education 3.0**, takes place everywhere, in the class and outside. It uses the Internet and Communication Technologies, and is imparted by the teacher, students, and even strangers from half way across the globe.





63% of institutions surveyed said that online learning was an essential part of their future strategy

Almost 30% of all enrollments now are in online courses

Nearly three-quarters of institutions report that the economic downturn has increased demand for online courses and programs

Enrollments in online courses increased by 21% between 2009 and 2010, compared with an increase of two% for campus enrollments

More than 5.6 million students were enrolled in at least one online course in fall 2009, an increase of nearly one million students over the previous year

Online enrolments have benefited from the recession in the USA and therefore could act as a stabilizing factor for student enrolment in both for-profit and public universities

Online delivery may exceed US \$69 billion by the year 2015



### Forecast for 2014 - US



In 2009, there were a total of 27.04 million students in higher education programs:

- 4.6% took all of their classes online
- 39% took some of their classes online
- 54% took all of their courses in traditional classrooms
- In 2014, there will be 27.34 million students in higher education programs in total (an increase of 2% over the five years):
- 12.8% will take all of their classes online
- 68% will take some of their classes online
- 19% will take all of their courses in a physical classroom
- More than 80 % of all higher education students will be taking at least some of their courses online by 2014



### Textbooks of the Future



**Digital Textbook Sales** (5-Year Projection) % Of US Textbook Market 25 20 18.8% 15 10.5% 10 5.5% 5 2.5% 1% 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

South Korea has invested \$2 billion to make all textbooks digital by 2015. The total textbook sales industry is \$7.5 b, out of which \$5.5 b are sales of new textbooks. Digital textbooks are, on average, 53% cheaper that new print books





Note taking: On screen keyboards and stylus allow students to take notes

Writing: Writing using the finger or stylus is possible

Compactness: One (e)book holds all the books, notes and more

Highlighting: Digital books make highlighting text possible

**Research**: Multiple content sources can be referred to from within the device. Multiple books, notes, websites, journals, videos, audio, images, are accessible in a single device **Quiz**: Learning and testing become integrated. Clearing a quiz takes the student to the next level

**Animated content**: Explanations can be accompanied by animated illustrations and video, instead of static images

**Games**: Games are integrated with lessons, making learning and testing attractive to students

**Interactive timelines**: History can be learnt through interactive timelines laced with images, audio, video

**Study groups**: Study groups can be formed online, from the digital books. Text, audio and video chat can be done from within a page of the textbook





Students in online conditions perform modestly better, on average, than those learning the same material through traditional face-to-face instruction

Instruction combining online and face-to-face elements have a larger advantage relative to purely face-to-face instruction than does purely online instruction

Effect sizes are larger for studies in which the online instruction is collaborative or instructor-directed than in those studies where online learners work independently

The effectiveness of online learning approaches appears quite broad across different content and learner types

U.S. Department of Education. (2010). Evaluation of Evidence-Based Practices in Online Learning: A Meta-Analysis and Review of Online Learning Studies. http://www2.ed.gov/rschstat/eval/tech/evidence-based-practices/finalreport.pdf





E-Learning was found to be 11% more effective than classroom training when it leverages its inherent advantages to offer tutorials, real time communication, and interactive exercises

Results show that e-Learning participants can learn as much as classroom trainees, but in 70% of the classroom study time

An age effect was not found with e-Learning. Older participants learn just as well as younger people

62% of Chief Academic Officers rate the learning outcomes in online education as the same or superior to those in face-to-face classes

The effects of e-Learning on all types of professional and academic training have been dramatic, and all indications point to its influence for years to come

Advancements in the use of technological tools enable learning content to become more dynamic than ever

In 70 % of the cases, students taking courses by distance education outperformed their student counterparts in the traditionally instructed courses. The probability of Distance Education outperforming Face-to-Face increased from 1991–2009 and will continue to increase in strength

Online learners reported deeper approaches to learning than classroom-based learners and experienced better use of higher order thinking skills, integrative thinking, and reflective learning







Michael J. Sandel, Professor, Harvard University, teaching the course 'Justice' at Sanders Theater, Harvard University







There are students behind him too. In Sao Paulo, New Delhi, Tokyo and Shanghai. He teaches them through video conferencing







Prof. Sandel has students asking questions, answering them, or holding discussions not only at Harvard...







# ...but in South America and Asia as well!





### Interactivity





Interactivity and participation can be taken to whole new levels

A class spread over Boston, Tokyo and Shanghai has students discussing nuclear power plants



### Interactivity





Here the student quips about Rousseau's views being altered by Youtube

Translation services and subtitles help overcome the language barrier

If Rousseau was alive and had seen the Japanese Tsunami on Youtube,



### Interactivity



Japan isn't a multiracial country so we as a nation share a sort of "extended family" feeling



Youngsters separated by distance and language are able to directly talk to each other, and see each others' point of view. This has long term social and political implications apart from being a great educational method

![](_page_44_Picture_0.jpeg)

### Source

![](_page_44_Picture_2.jpeg)

Statistics, images and charts courtesy of :

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