











UNESCO



Call for a New Paradigm in Education

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Third International Conference on Future Education

12-14 November 2018







Higher Education Institutions in the Middle of

Economic, Social and Political Pressures





Global Trends in Higher Education – Key Realities of the 21st Century

- Massification and widening participation
- Requirements of the global knowledge economy
- Digital transformations
- Globalization





Ideology-Driven Agendas

Economy-Driven

- Entrepreneurial
- Innovative
- Economic growth
- Knowledge economy
- Autonomy from State

Open Society

- Grand challenges
- Interdisciplinarity
- Democratic action
- Free enquiry
- Objective knowledge

Political Agenda

- common name
- Governing board
- Similar objectives
- Funding on expected outcomes





Transformations

Gone are the days

. . .

were HEIs can afford to maintain the **status quo.**

Gone are the days

..

were HE was reserved to the elite.

Gone are the days

. . .

were **intensive specialization**was the most appropriate
answer to multidimensional
challenges







Economic Pressures

- Organizational shift from Humboldtian university to entrepreneurial university
 - Institutionalized industry-university connections
 - > Rationalized academic structures
 - Standardized teaching and research criteria
 - Growing financial pressure, accountability
 - Graduate employability (disciplinary and transversal skills)

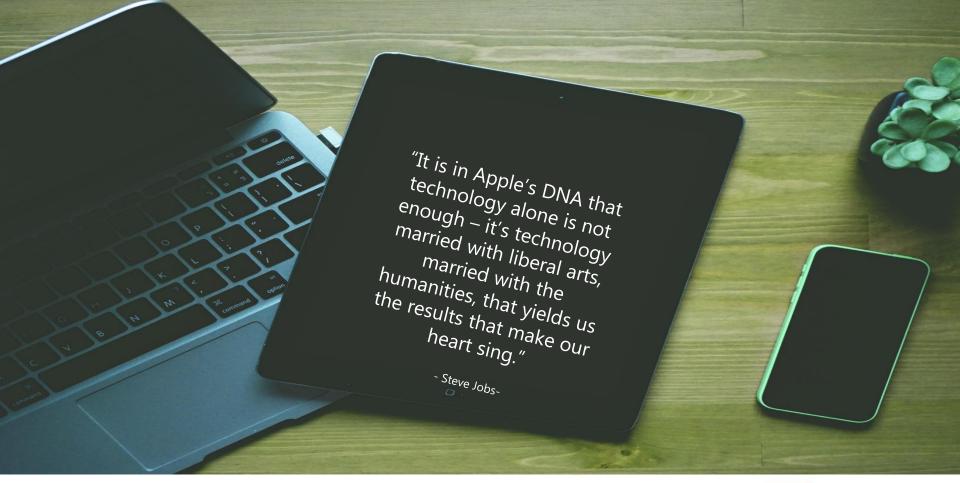




Social Pressures

- Grand Challenges (17 SDGs UNO)
 - Interdisciplinary cooperation
 - Concerted action and democratic engagement
 - University 4.0
 - Close cooperation in line with societal and corporate needs (,third mission' activites)
 - > Integration of new technologies and social communication networks
 - ➤ Lifelong Learning (continous further education, global citizenship, open society)









Political Pressures

- New public management and managerialism
 - Rhetoric of marketization leads to more political control
 - Budget constraints foster privatization, competition and industrial ties
 - Performance targets, accountability, restricted budget allocation
 - Excellence initiatives versus massification
 - Differentiation of HE sector





European HE landscape

- Most diversifed and most integrated
 - Bologna process (EHEA) intergration of over-regulated systems
- Paradoxical developments
 - Knowledge economy –human capital as enabler for economic growth
 - HEIs as transversal problem-solvers (grand challenges)
 - Europeanization phenomenon (innovation, competitiveness)





Latin American HE landscape

Massification
From small elite to increased access

Privatization
New types of post-secondary providers (wordwide the highest)

Diversification
Wide range of programs (Short-cycle to PhD)

Accreditation
No standarized practices, many international accreditation bodies



A New Paradigm in Education?

- paradigm shift
- based on conflicting interest (academic, economic, social, political)





"... an academic revolution has taken place in higher education in the past half century marked by transformations unprecedented in scope and diversity."

UNESCO Report 2009

- Aims and goals in HE
- Composition of student population
- Structure and types of universities
- Delivery modes of teaching
- Pattern of funding
- Each institution needs to find its individual legitimacy





"We cannot solve our problems with the same thinking we used when we created them"

- Albert Einstein -





Thank you for your attention

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