



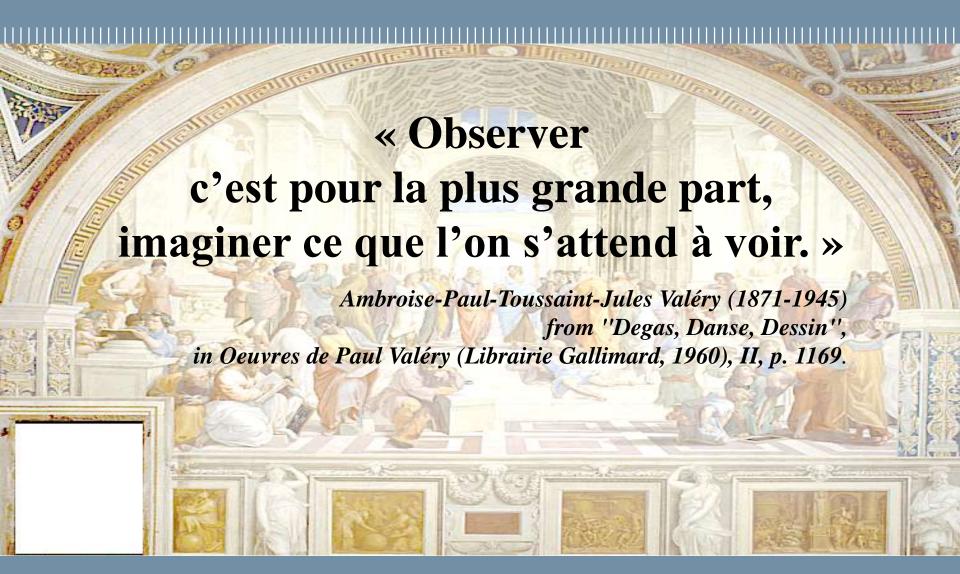
Future Capital Financing Global Development

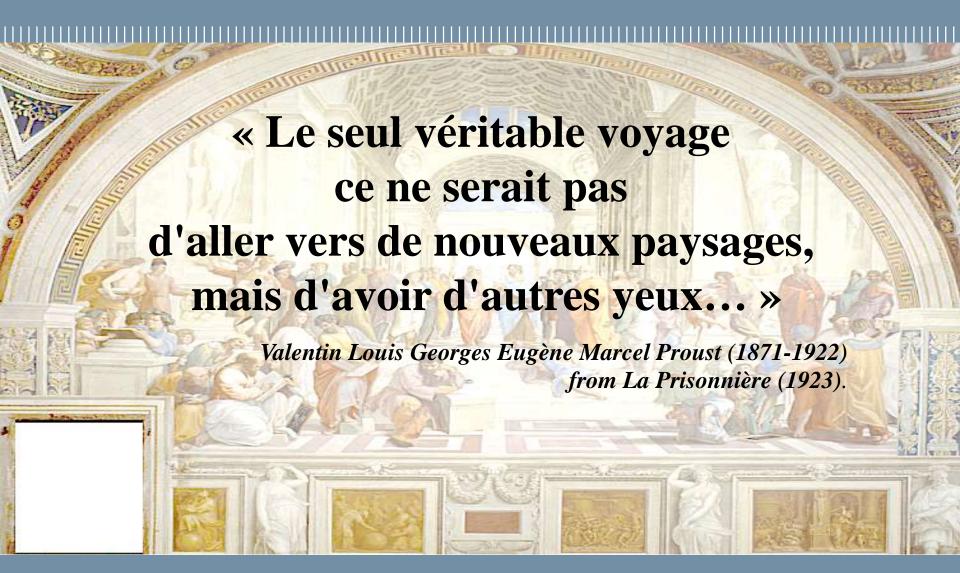
The World Bank Headquarters, Washington D.C. – September 16-17, 2019



Initiating Social Transformation

Rodolfo A. Fiorini





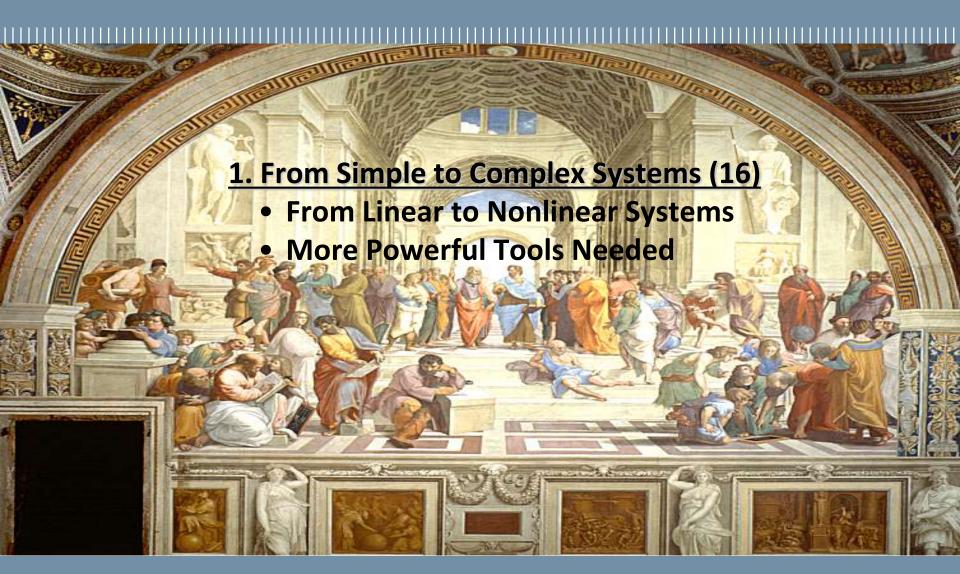
Presentation Outline

1. From Simple to Complex Systems (16)

- From Linear to Nonlinear Systems
- More Powerful Tools Needed

2. Conclusion (06)

- Continuum-Discrete Integrated Framework
- AMS Modelling Solution by CICT

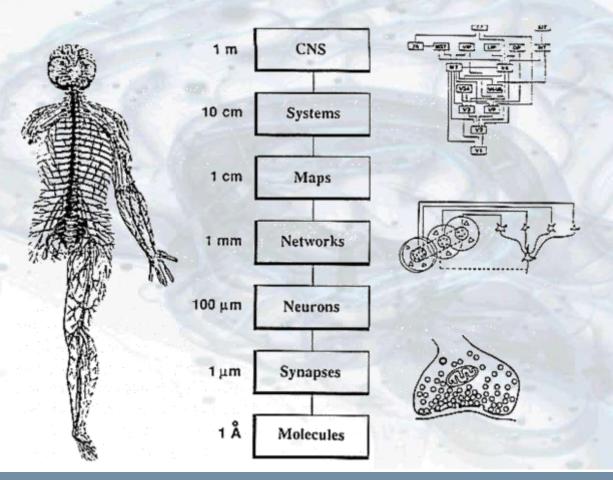


What is an
Arbitrary Complex
Multiscale (ACM) System?

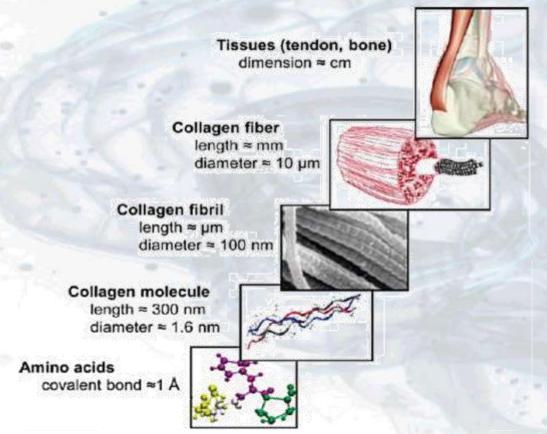
Example of Arbitrary Complex Multiscale System (ACM)



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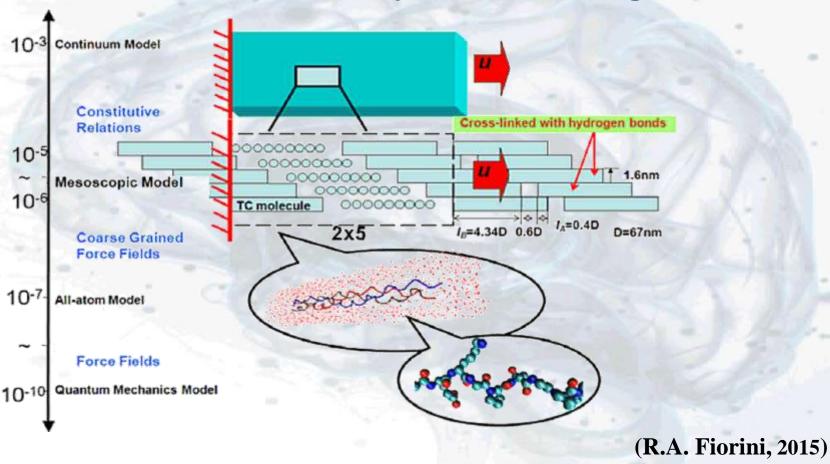


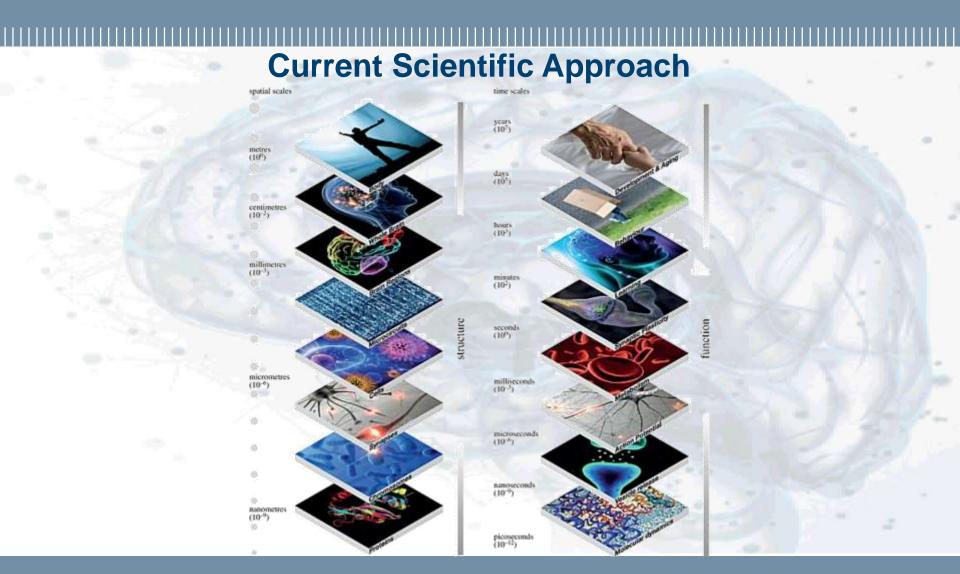
Example of Arbitrary Complex Multiscale System (ACM)



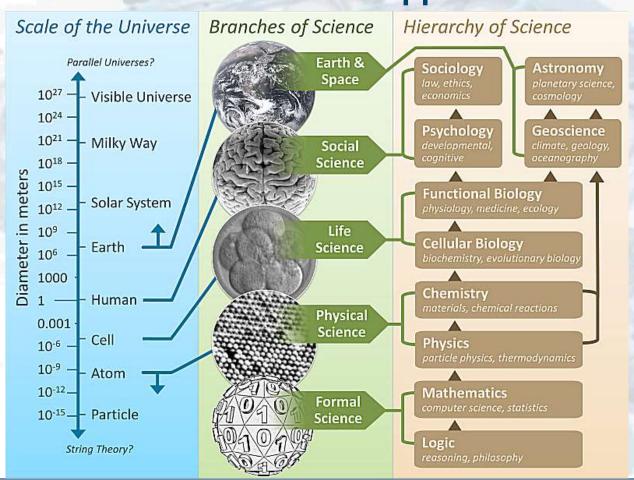
(R.A. Fiorini, 2015)



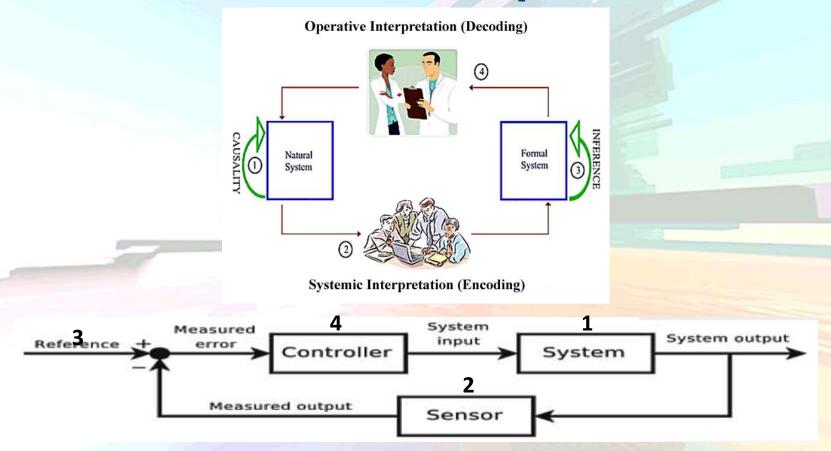




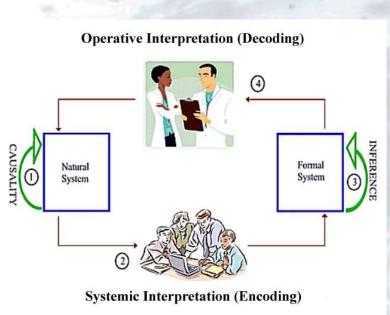
Current Scientific Approach

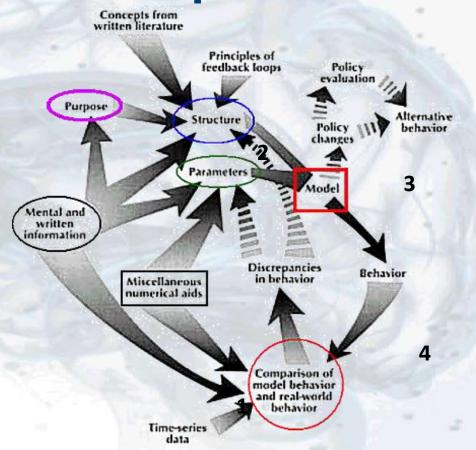


Linear Feedback Example (reduced system)

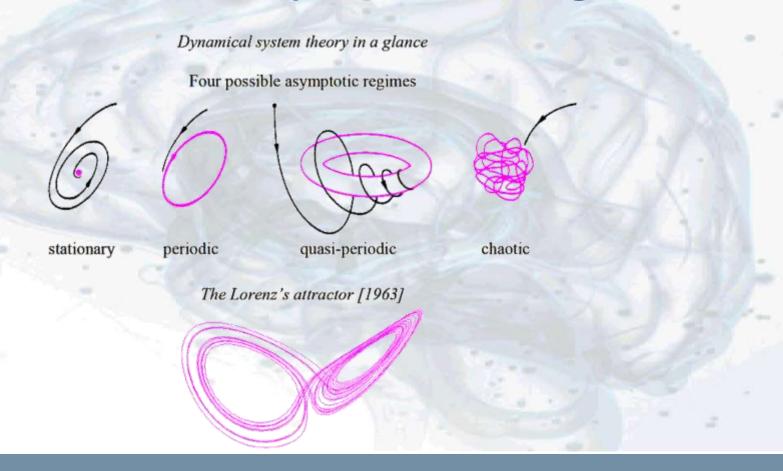


Nonlinear Feedback Example (complex system)





Four Possible Asymptotic Regimes

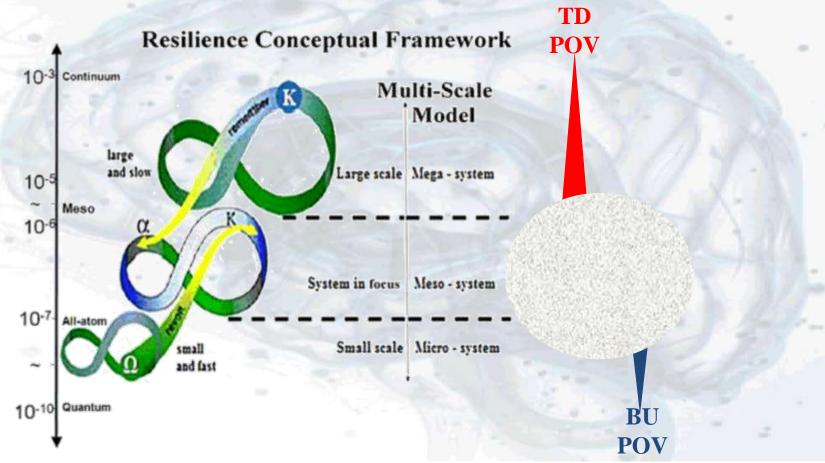


Complexity
is the impossibility of
separating a system from its context.

A living being from its environment.

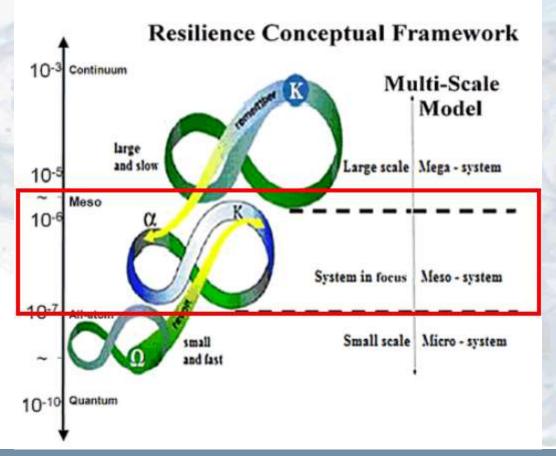
An object from its measuring instrument.

The Root of the Current Problem for ACM System Modelling



System Resilience from Multi-Scale Modeling

Gunderson & Holling and Walker (2002, 2006)



Current System Fragility

Attempts to optimize hierarchical systems in the traditional top-down way will be less and less effective, and cannot be done in real time (Fiorini, 2016).

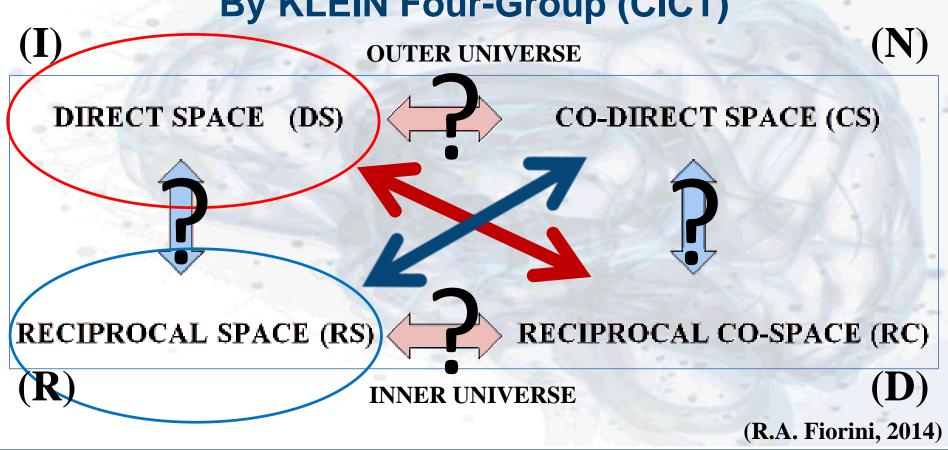
The logical answer is to use **distributed** (**self-**) **control, i.e. bottom-up self-regulating systems. Advanced Cybernetics** (i.e. extended system theory) and **Complexity Theory** tell us that it is actually feasible to create resilient social and economic order by means of self-organization, self-regulation, and self-governance. Nevertheless, to achieve self-organization, self-regulation in a competitive arbitrary-scalable system reference framework, **we need application resilience and antifragility at system level first**.

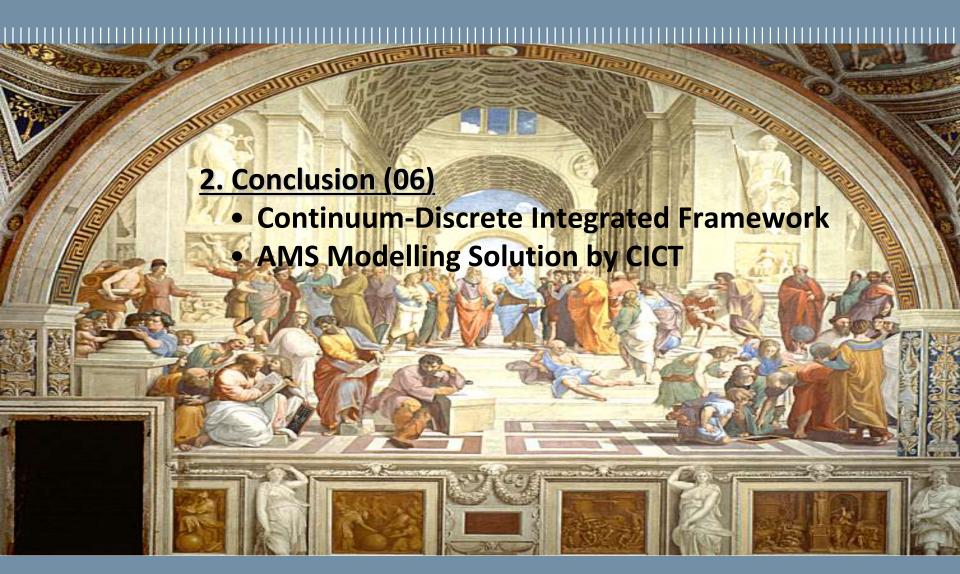
From Simple Modelling (Monoscale)

To Complex Modelling (Multiscale).

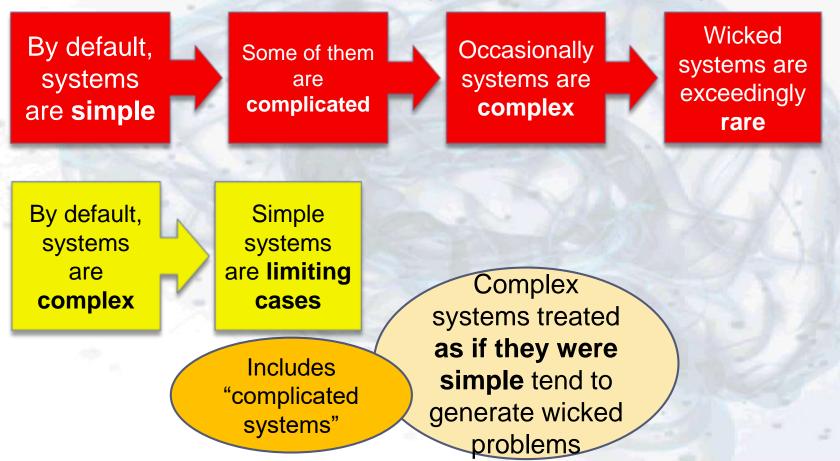
We Need More Powerful Tools!

INNER vs. OUTER UNIVERSE (IOU) Mapping By KLEIN Four-Group (CICT)





The Two Modelling Understandings



Half-Plane Space vs. OECS Space Two Irreducible Complementary Operative Spaces

Half-Plane Space

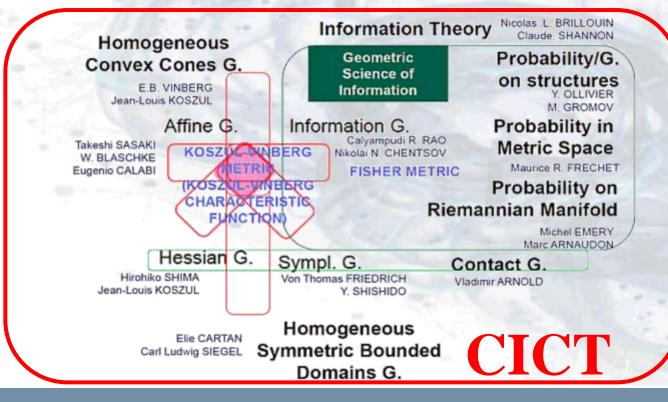
- Inert matter best operational representation compromise.
- □ A Representation Space endowed with full Flexibility (mapping complexity to simplicity to give space to Imagination).
- ☐ Simplified system dynamics framework (Newtonian Approach).
- To model any geometrical space and monitor system dynamics behavior only.
- ☐ A Spectator can become a system innatural perturbation.

OECS Space

- Livig matter best representation operational compromise.
- □ An Outer Representation Space oneto-one linked to its Inner Representation Space.
- □ Natural system dynamics framework (Quantum Field Theory Approach).
- ☐ To model projective relativistic geometry and to anticipate emergent system dynamics.
- □ An Observer can become a system natural co-artifex.

Current Landscape of Geometric Science of Information

Hessian (J.L. Koszul), Homogeneous Convex Cones (E. Vinberg), Homogeneous Symmetric Bounded Domains (E. Cartan, C.L. Siegel), Symplectic (T. von Friedrich, J.M. Souriau), Affine (T. Sasaki, E. Calabi), Information (C. Rao, N. Chentsov). Through Legendre Duality, Contact (V. Arnold) is considered as the odd-dimensional twin of symplectic geometry and could be used to understand Legendre mapping in information geometry.

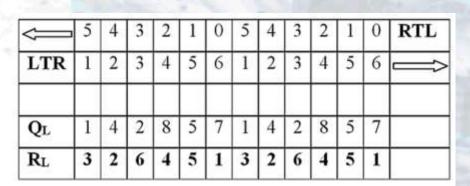


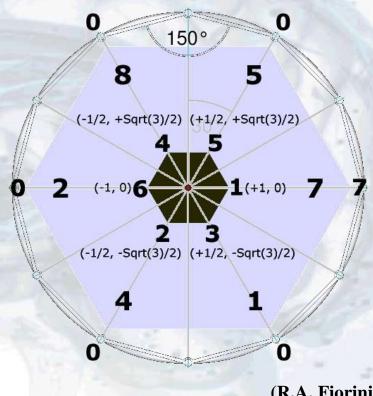
(F. Barbaresco, 2014)

(R.A. Fiorini, 2014)

CICT EPG-IPG

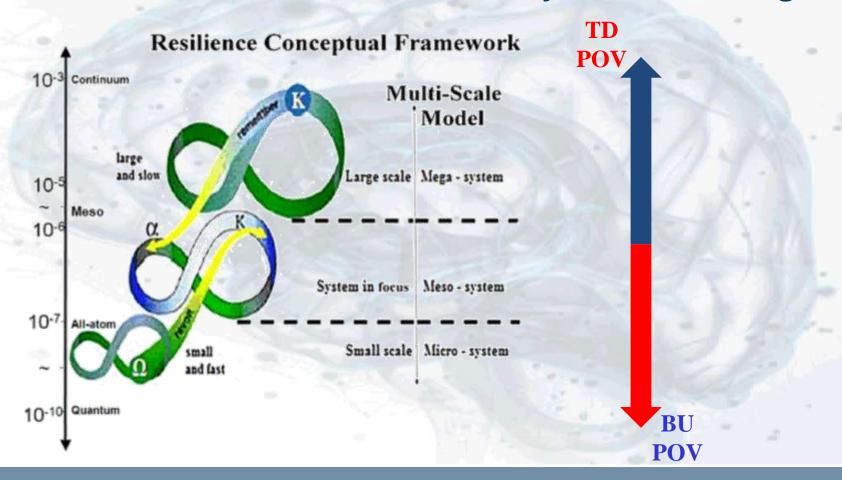
Fundamental Relationship for $SN_1 = 7$





(R.A. Fiorini, 2013)

CICT Solution to the Problem for ACM System Modelling



Main CICT OECS Properties

We got rich new knowledge about fundamental arithmetic number concept and properties by **Optimized Exponential Cyclic Sequences** (OECS):

- a) Symbolic vs. OpeRational Number Representation;
- b) Prime vs. SN Family Group Order properties;
- c) Arbitrary Precision Exact Rational Number Representation;
- d) Incidence vs. Correspondence in OECS Word Space;
- e) OECS phased generators Fixed Point vs. Pairing properties;
- **f**) etc... etc...

More specifically, **OECS Family Group of any order** can play a fundamental role by capturing and optimally encoding deterministic information to be lossless recovered at any arbitrary precision.

Combinatorially **OECS** are totally indistinguishable from computer generated pseudorandom sequences or traditional "system noise" to an external Observer.

